For information on these and other aspects of

what is Employment **Discrimination**?

Snoitanimirosib insmyolqms si tahW

ment in employment practices & policies such as: Hawai'i law, * prohibits unfair or unequal treat-

- job advertisements.
- interviews, selection). • hiring practices (application forms,
- referrals by employment agencies.
- working conditions, & fringe benefits. • salary, job classification, work duties,
- recall, or termination. • promotion, demotion, suspension, layoff,
- The unfair act must be based on a person's:
- XƏS •
- LYCG
- ancestry/national origin
- religion
- COlOT
- disability
- age •
- marital status
- assignment of income for child support
- obligations
- arrest & court record***
- National Guard participation
- sexual orientation
- breast-feeding

of the same religion for certain types of jobs. organizations who may give preference to individuals ** Exemptions include religious or denominational

before making a conditional job offer. employment purposes pursuant to law may do so ted to consider an individual's criminal history for *** Except that employers who are expressly permit-

income is assigned to satisfy child support obligations. absence for National Guard duty, and employees whose The law also protects employees who take leaves of

prochure.

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sexual advances, requests for sexual favors or The law defines sexual harassment as unwelcome

How an employment discrimination complaint is processed:

If conciliation is not successful, the

The HCRC can order remedies such as

• requiring the employer to hire the

Anyone who believes he/she is a victim of employment discrimination can file a complaint, at no cost, with the HCRC. Telephone the HCRC information line at 586-8640.

Complaints must be filed within 180 days after the discriminatory practice has occurred. And there must be a "basis" for the discrimination. A person wishing to file should:

· be prepared to present specific facts about

HCRC holds an administrative hearing on the complaint. Where the HCRC finds a violation of the law as a result of the hearing, the Commission Board issues final orders to correct any discriminatory practices and to prevent their recurrence.

(but not limited to):

physical condition and her specific Job requireby the employee's physician with regard to her tions. A reasonable period of time is determined pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical condi-

granting flexible work schedules.

a voluntary, qualified co-employee,

• allowing the employee to observe a

an undue hardship would result. Two examples

modate an employee's religious practices unless

The law requires employers to reasonably accom-

accommodation, and local & national resources.

Communication Access Board at (808) 586-8121

agencies and outside experts regarding accommo-

• providing qualified readers, interpreters, or

• adjustments to the work environment, such

Employers may obtain help from government

as raising desks to accommodate

• job restructuring or job sharing.

does not impose an undue hardship on the

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employer's business. Examples of reasonable

disability. An accommodation is reasonable if it

accommodations for a qualified employee with a

and pay (without loss of accumulated service

original jobs or to positions of comparable status

The law requires employers to provide reasonable

(Voice or TTY) for information on types of

dations. Contact the state Disability and

of accommodating religious practices are:

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assistants.

wheelchairs.

accommodations are:

credits and privileges).

religious holiday by trading workdays with

duct of a sexual nature. This may include many other unwelcome visual, verbal, or physical con-

3) Such employees have return rights to their

plaint, or try to comply with this law, such as they oppose discriminatory practices, file a com-It also protects people from retaliation when

nation law, and the employer bears the burden of a narrow exception to the employment discrimi-Fide Occupational Qualification (BFOQ). This is the establishment and maintenance of a Bona The law provides that nothing shall preclude being a witness.

Shother is regulated?

proving the basis for a BFOQ.

government). or more employees (except the federal • government and private employers with one

Services. • employment agencies and placement

labor organizations.

swəivrətni bnp snoitpoilqqp dol

practices or policies which: The law generally prohibits pre-employment

disability, marital status, or arrest and court sexual orientation, age, religion, color, ancestry, employment) concerning the applicant's race, sex, 1) ask information from applicants (prior to

2) result in the disproportionate screening-out of record;

members of such protected groups; or

3) are not relevant to successful Job performance.

pre-employment inquiries are listed inside this ment. Examples of acceptable and unacceptable determine the applicant's eligibility for employshould only ask those questions necessary to vidual for the job. Therefore, the employer requirements and to seek the most qualified indi-It is the employer's right to establish job-related

Chapter 12-46 are available in any public library, from the HCRC, or on-line at www.state.hi.us/hcrc \ast Hawai'i Revised Statutes (HRS) Chapter 378 part I, and the Hawai'i Revised Statutes (MAR)

time for disabilities due to and resulting from

allowing time off for doctor's appointments.

from or providing assistance for lifting tasks;

to sit, instead of stand, while working; excusing

dations such as: allowing the pregnant employee

1) Employers must make reasonable accommo-

tions, and privileges of employment because she

applicant because she is pregnant, or discharging

The law prohibits employers from not hiring an

duct and fail to take immediate and appropriate

if they know, or should have known, of the con-

ment committed by themselves, their agents or

Employers are liable for acts of sexual harass-

blocking of movement.

committed by other employees or non-employees,

They are also liable for sexual harassment

• unwanted touching, assault, impeding, or

jokes, suggestive or obscene letters or

unwanted derogatory comments, slurs,

or displaying sexually suggestive objects,

• unwanted leering, making sexual gestures,

benefits if an employee protests, refuses, or

• threatening to demote, fire, or withhold

• offering jobs, promotions, or benefits in

pictures, cartoons, or posters.

ignores sexual advances.

exchange for sexual favors.

• unwanted sexual advances.

forms of offensive behavior such as:

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or penalizing an employee in the terms, condi-

is pregnant.

corrective action.

.səton

supervisory employees.

with or without pay, for a reasonable period of

2) Employers are also required to provide leave,

- the alleged act(s) of discrimination.
- provide copies of documents, if any, that substantiate charges made in the complaint.
- keep records and documents about the complaint, such as applications, evaluations, paycheck stubs, notices and the like.
- keep the HCRC updated about the person's employment situation and changes of address or phone number.

Investigations/Determinations

After the complaint is accepted, the HCRC conducts an objective investigation of the complaint. Where appropriate, the HCRC will encourage parties to resolve complaints through mediation or pre-determination settlements. If the HCRC determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that discrimination has occurred, it will attempt to correct the discrimination and obtain relief through conciliation.

complainant.

- back pay, promotion, or reinstatement.
- policy changes to prevent future discrimination
- money damages to compensate for the emotional or physical harm caused by the act of discrimination.
- punitive damages where there is clear and convincing evidence that an employer wilfully, deliberately, or maliciously violated the law.
- A person does not need an attorney to file a complaint or be represented through the HCRC's investigation or hearings procedures. However, individuals do have the right to be represented by an attorney at their own expense, if they so choose.

discrimination, contact the:



830 Punchbowl Street, Room 411 Honolulu, HI 96813 586-8636 Phone: Information: 586-8640 586-8692 TDD: FAX: 586-8655 Neighbor Islands call (toll-free): Kaua'i: 274-3141, Ext. 6-8636# Maui: 984-2400, Ext. 6-8636# Hawai'i: 974-4000, Ext. 6-8636# Lāna'i & Moloka'i: 1-800-468-4644 Ext. 6-8636# All non-800 numbers are area code (808) E-mail: info@hicrc.org Website: www.state.hi.us/hcrc

This pamphlet is a general summary of the state's employment discrimination laws and does not have the force or effect of administrative rules or Hawai'i laws. If there are any inconsistencies, the rules and Hawai'i law will control.

A Basic **Overview** of Hawai'i's State Law



GUIDELINE FOR PRE-EMPLOYMENT INQUIRIES (APPLICATION FORMS AND JOB INTERVIEWS)*

SUDIECT		
SUBJECT name	LAWFUL INQUIRIES Whether applicant has used another name (for the purpose of checking the applicant's past work record).	UNLAWFUL INQUIRIES Inquiries about the name which would indicate applicant's lineage, ancestry, national origin, descent, or marital status (i.e. maiden name). Inquiry into previous name of applicant (if not for the purpose of checking the applicant's work record).
		Mr., Mrs., Miss, or Ms.
ADDRESS or DURATION OF RESIDENCE	Applicant's address. Inquiry into place and length of current and previous address.	Specific inquiry into foreign addresses which would indicate national origin.
BIRTHPLACE, CITIZENSHIP		 Whether applicant, parents, or spouse are naturalized or native-born U.S. citizens. Birthplace of applicant. Birthplace of applicant's parents, spouse, or other relatives. Requirement that applicant submit proof of birth document prior to hiring. "Of what country are you a citizen?" Date when applicant, parents or spouse acquired U.S. citizenship. Requirement that applicant produce naturalization papers.
AGE	Inquiry whether or not the applicant meets the minimum age requirement set by law. If a minor, require proof of age in form of a work permit or a certificate of age. After being hired, require proof of age (if age is a legal requirement) or if inquiry serves legitimate record-keeping purpose.	Requirement that applicant state age or date of birth. Requirement that applicant produce proof of age in the form of a birth certificate or baptismal record. Phrases such as: "young," "college student," "girl," "boy," "recent college graduate," "retired person," or "supplement your pension." Date of attendance/completion of elementary/high school/college.
RELIGION	An applicant may be advised concerning normal hours and days of work. "Apart from absences for religious observances, will you be available for work at the fol- lowing times?" After a position is offered, inquiry into the need for reasonable religious accommodation.	 Applicant's religious denomination or affiliation, church, parish, pastor, or religious holidays observed.** Applicant is told: "This is a Catholic/Protestant/Jewish/atheist/etc. organization."** "Do you attend religious services or a house of worship?"** Any inquiry to indicate or identify religious customs, or holidays observed. Applicant is told that employees are required to work on religious holidays which are observed as days of complete prayer by members of their specific faith. **unless employer is exempt under HRS 378-3(5).
RACE or COLOR		Applicant's race.Color of applicant's skin, eyes, hair, etc., or other questions directly or indirectly indicating race or color.Applicant's height.
PHOTOGRAPH	May be required for identification <u>after</u> hiring.	Request photograph <u>before</u> hiring.
ANCESTRY or NATIONAL ORIGIN (country of origin)	Languages applicant reads, speaks or writes fluently, if use of language other than English is relevant to the job for which applicant is applying.	Applicant's nationality, lineage, ancestry, national origin, descent, or parentage.Nationality of applicant's parents or spouse; maiden name of applicant's wife or mother.Language commonly used by applicant. "What is your mother tongue?"How applicant acquired ability to read, write, or speak a foreign language.
EDUCATION	Applicant's academic, vocational, or professional education; schools attended.	Any inquiry asking specifically the nationality, racial, or religious affiliation of a school. Dates of attendance and/or graduation from school.
EXPERIENCE ARREST & COURT RECORD	Applicant's work experience. After making a conditional job offer: Convictions (not arrests) not more that 10 years old, that are rationally related to the duties and responsibilities of the position, except that employers who are expressly permitted to consider an individual's criminal history for employment purposes pursuant to law may do so before making a conditional job offer.	 Prior to making a conditional job offer: "Have you ever been arrested or convicted?" or ask to check into person's arrest or conviction record.*** *** These inquiries are unlawful except as expressly permitted by law.
NOTICE IN CASE OF EMERGENCY	Name and address of <u>person</u> to be notified in case of emergency.	Name and address of <u>relative</u> to be notified in case of emergencies.
ORGANIZATIONS, ACTIVITIES	Membership in <u>job-related</u> clubs, organizations, churches, and schools. May omit those which reveal the race, religion, age, sex, color, disability, marital status, ancestry, or sexual orientation of the applicant. What offices are held, if any.	The names of all organizations, clubs, societies, lodges to which the applicant belongs.
REFERENCES	"By whom were you referred for a position here?" Names of persons willing to provide professional and/or character references for applicant.	Require the submission of a religious reference. Questions to references which elicit information specifying applicant's race, color, religion, ancestry, age, marital status, national origin, or sexual orientation.
SEX		Sex of the applicant. "Are you expecting?" "Are you pregnant?" "Use of birth control?" "What are your plans for having a family?" Applicant's weight or height (unless it is a BFOQ). Mr., Mrs., Miss, or Ms.
DISABILITY	"Are you able to perform the essential functions of this job with or without a reasonable accommodation?" After the job offer is made, require a physical examination if that is a requirement for all	Whether applicant has any physical or mental disability. "Have you ever collected workers' compensation or temporary disability insurance for a previous illness or injury?"
MARITAL STATUS	employees.	Questions regarding applicant's general state of health or medical condition. Whether single, married, divorced, widowed, separated, etc. Mr., Mrs., Miss, or Ms. Names and ages of spouse and children; provisions for child care. Spouse's place of employment. "With whom do you reside?" "Do you live with your parents?"
SEXUAL ORIENTATION		Whether an applicant has a preference for heterosexual, homosexual, or bisexual partners/
MISCELLANEOUS	Notice to applicants that any misstatements or omission of material facts in the application may be cause for dismissal.	relationships. Require an applicant to submit a resume containing answers to unlawful inquiries.
BONA FIDE OCCUPATIONAL QUALIFICATION (BFOQ) PRE	BFOQ Exception: Nothing shall prohibit the establishment and maintenance of a bona fide occupational qualification (BFOQ). To establish a protected basis as a BFOQ, an employer is required to show: a) that the essence of the business operation would be undermined by the hiring of a person from the protected class or b) a factual basis for believing that all or substantially all persons from the protected class would be unable to safely or efficiently perform the job duties, or it is impossible or highly impractical to deal with such persons on an individualized basis	Require an applicant to submit a resume containing answers to unlawful inquiries. 002 • TELEPHONE 586-8636 (TDD 586-8692)

*This is intended as a guideline for pre-employment inquiries and does not have the force or effect of administrative rules or Hawai'i laws. If there are any inconsistencies, the rules and Hawai'i law will control.